M1. (a)	<i>x</i> = 2	B1	
(b)	Correct straight line drawn at least 3 diagonal squares long	B1	
(c)	2, 2 ft their intersection with line A only if B0 in part (b)	B1ft	[3]
M2. (a)	Either correct rectangle drawn A, B, (7, 2) and (3, 2) or A, B, (7, 8) and (3, 8) (ignore labels) B1 for (7, 2) and (3, 2) plotted or for (7, 8) and (3, 8) plotted B1 for any rectangle with area 12 cm2 B1 for any rectangle with vertices A and B.	Β2	
(b)	C(7, 2) and D(3, 2) or C(7, 8) and D(3, 8) B1 for correct coordinates with incorrect order ie D and C reversed ft their rectangle or square ABCD for up to B2 ft their rectangle or square ABDC for up to B1	B2ft	

М3.	M3. Any two points of the form (x , $2x + 1$) except (-2 , -3) and (-4 , -7) B1 any one correct point			
M4.	(a)	Point plotted at (5, 1)	B1	
	(b)	Points plotted at (3, 1) and (5, 3) B1 for either ft their point plotted in (a)	B2ft	
	(c)	4, 2 ft their points plotted in (b)	B1ft	[4]
M5.	(a)	(2, 2)	В1	
	(b)	Alternative method 1 Draws line through their two correct points crossing <i>x</i> -axis		
		or plots point on <i>x</i> -axis consistent for their two correct points 3.5, 0 <i>ft the two points not selected in (a)</i> <i>SC1 0, 3.5</i>	M1	
			A1ft	

Alternative method 2

2x(+0) = 7		M1	
3.5, 0		INIT	
	SC1 0, 3.5	A1	

[3]

M6.

(a) (4, 1) B1

(b) Correct plot at (−2, 4) *Allow point at (4, −2) if (a) stated as (1, 4)*

M7.

x coordinate = 2 (2, 4) marked on diagram.

Base = 7 - 3 (= 10) 10 marked on diagram as base or stated as base in script. This mark is for showing that the base is 10 and **not** for 7 - -3 = 10 if used to find the x coordinate.

B1

B1

Height = 20 ÷ their 10 × 2 (= 4) 4 marked on diagram as height **NB** height shown or stated as 4 is 2 marks (assume base of 10)

М1

y coordinate = 8 ft their height if M awarded and no other errors. Accept NB 8 stated as y coordinate is B1, M1, A1 (ie last 3 marks) unless contradictory or wrong working. (a) (6, 4) (b) 700 B1 7 seen or 600 or 800 Or

or Shortest route shown on diagram

B2

A1ft

B1

[4]

(c)	(3, 6)	
		Allow (6, -1) or (7, 0) or (8, 1) for B2
		B1 (0, 5) or (1, 4) or (1, 6) or (2, 3) or
		(2, 5) or (3, 2) or (4, 1) or (4, 5) or
		(5, 0) or (5, 4) or (6, 3)
		or
		(2, 6)

B2

[5]

M9.(10, 1)

M8.

B1 for one correct coordinate SC1 for (4, 7)

B2

Additional Guidance

(10, 2)	is	B1
(9, 1)	is	B1
(1, 10)	is	B0

M10.(a) *A* (-3, -5)

B (2, -3)

[2]

B1

B1

(b) C plotted at ∞ ordinate less than -3

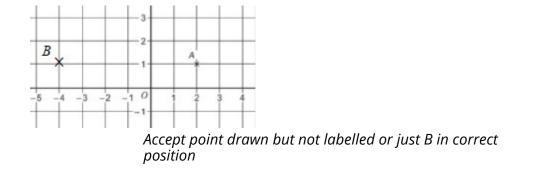
Additional Guidance *C* does not need to be labelled if intention is clear. The *x*-coordinate need not be an integer. *C* plotted at: (-3.5, 2) (-3.5, 3) (-4, 0) (2, 2)

B1 B1B1 B0B1 B0B0 B1

	(-3, -2)	B0 B0		[4]
M11. (a)	(3, 5)	B	31	
(b)	(1, 3), (3, 3) and (5, 3) In any order B1 for each	Β	33	[4]
M12. (a)	(1, 4)	B	31	
(b)	M plotted at (3, 4) B plotted at (5,4)	Μ	11	
	SC 1 (7, 2)	A	1	[3]
M13. (a)	(2, 1)		74	

(0.)	(_, .,			
				B1

(b) Correct plot



B1

(c) C marked at (2, −3) or (−4, −3) or (−4, 5) or (2, 5)
 B1 for any right angled triangle with AB as a side.
 B1 for C marked anywhere on y = −3 or y = 5
 Do not need to have lines drawn
 ft for their B

B2ft [4]

B1

M14.

(a) $(A3 \rightarrow B3 \rightarrow B2 \rightarrow)$



(→ D1)

 $(\mathsf{A3} \rightarrow \mathsf{A2} \rightarrow \mathsf{A1} \rightarrow)$

(→ D1) **or**

 $(A3 \rightarrow A2 \rightarrow A1 \rightarrow)$

$$B1 \rightarrow C1 \rightarrow C2 \rightarrow B2 \rightarrow$$
$$B3 \rightarrow C3 \rightarrow D3 \rightarrow D2$$

(ii) C2 or 2C B1

(iii) (A3
$$\rightarrow$$
 B3 \rightarrow)

$$B2 \rightarrow A2 \rightarrow A1 \rightarrow B1 \rightarrow C1$$

$$(\rightarrow D1)$$

 $B1$ 1 (+) 1 (+) 2 (+) 2 (+) 2 (+) 1
or
9 seen
or
 $(A3 \rightarrow B3 \rightarrow)$

$$\begin{array}{c} B2 \rightarrow C2 \rightarrow \\ C1 \end{array}$$

B2

[6]

M15.(a) (2, 4)

		B1	
(b)	Point B plotted at (−3, −1)	B1	
(c)	(2, –1) ft from their (a)	B1 ft	[3]
M16. (a)	(2, 3)	B1	
(b)	Point plotted 8 across and 3 up Mark intent Label B can be missing SC1 For reversed coordinates (3, 2) in (a) and point plotted 3 across and 8 up	B1	[2]
M17. (a)	(1, 6)	B1	
(b)	(4, 6)	B1	
(c)	Point plotted at (4, y) such that $0 \le y < 6$ and $y \ne 4$ <i>e.g.</i> (4, 0) or (4, 1) or (4, 2) or (4, 3) or (4, 5)	В1	[3]

AQA GCSE Maths - Coordinates in 4 Quadrants